

2015 APCBEES RANGOON CONFERENCES SCHEDULE

2015 International Conference on Geological Engineering (ICOGE 2015)
2015 International Conference on Environment and Renewable Energy (ICERE 2015)
2015 International Conference on Food and Environmental Sciences (ICFES 2015)
2015 1st Journal Conference on Chemical Engineering and Applications (JCEA 2015 1st)

Rangoon, Burma

February 8-9, 2015

HOTEL GRAND UNITED (AHLONE)

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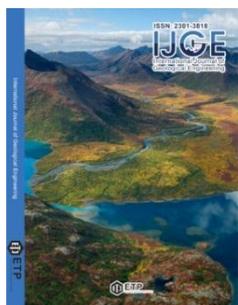
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2015 APCBEES Rangoon Conferences Introduction

Welcome to CBEES 2015 conferences in Rangoon, Burma. The objective of the Rangoon, Burma conferences is to provide a platform for researchers, engineers, academicians as well as industrial professionals from all over the world to present their research results and development activities in Geological Engineering, Environment and Renewable Energy, Food and Environmental Sciences, and Chemical Engineering and Applications.

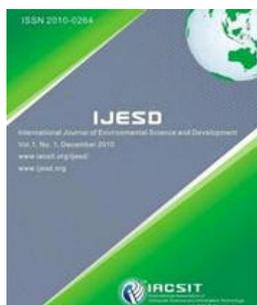
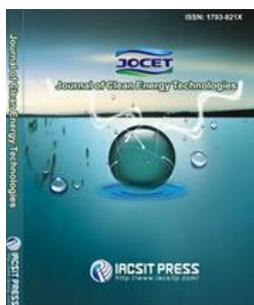
2015 International Conference on Geological Engineering (ICOGE 2015)



❖ **Paper publishing and index:** **ICOGE 2015** papers be published in the **International Journal of Geological Engineering (IJGE)**, and all papers will be included in the Engineering & Technology Digital Library, and indexed by EBSCO, WorldCat, Google Scholar, Cross ref, ProQuest, CABI and sent to be reviewed by EI Compendex and ISI Proceedings.

❖ **Conference website and email:** <http://www.icoge.org/>; icoge@cbees.net.

2015 International Conference on Environment and Renewable Energy (ICERE 2015)



❖ **Paper publishing and index:** **ICERE 2015** papers will be published **Journal of Clean Energy Technologies (JOCTET, ISSN: 1793-821X)**, and all the papers published in JOCTET will be included in Engineering & Technology Library, EBSCO, Ulrich's Periodicals Directory, BE Data and Google Scholar, Cross ref, ProQuest and sent to be reviewed by Ei Compendex and ISI Proceedings or **Journal of Environmental**

Science and Development (IJESD, ISSN:2010-0264), and all papers will be included in the Engineering & Technology Digital Library, and indexed by EBSCO, WorldCat, Google Scholar, Cross ref, ProQuest, CABI and sent to be reviewed by EI Compendex and ISI Proceedings.

❖ **Conference website and email:** <http://www.icere.org/>; icere@cbees.net.

2015 International Conference on Food and Environmental Sciences (ICFES 2015)



❖ **Paper publishing and index:** **ICFES 2015** papers will be published in the **International Journal of Food Engineering (IJFE, ISSN: 2301-3664)**, and all papers will be included in the Engineering & Technology Digital Library, and indexed by EBSCO, WorldCat, Google Scholar, Cross ref, ProQuest, CABI and sent to be reviewed by EI Compendex and ISI Proceedings.

❖ **Conference website and email:** <http://www.icfes.org/>; icfes@cbees.net.

2015 1st Journal Conference on Chemical Engineering and Applications (JCCEA 2015 1st)



✧ **Paper publishing and index:** JCCEA 2015 1st papers will be published in the **International Journal of Chemical Engineering and Applications (IJCEA ISSN: 2010-0221)** , and all papers will be indexed by Chemical Abstracts Services (CAS), CABI, DOAJ, Engineering & Technology Digital Library, Google Scholar, Crossref, and Ulrich's Periodicals Directory.

✧ **Conference website and email:** <http://www.ijcea.org/jccea/1st/>; ijcea@vip.163.com.

Excellent Paper Award

- ✧ One excellent paper will be selected from each oral presentation sessions, and the Certificate for Excellent Papers will be awarded at the end of each session on February 9, 2015.

Presentation Instruction

Instructions for Oral Presentations

Devices Provided by the Conference Organizer:

Laptop Computer (MS Windows Operating System with MS PowerPoint and Adobe Acrobat Reader)

Digital Projectors and Screen

Laser Sticks

Materials Provided by the Presenters:

PowerPoint or PDF files (Files shall be copied to the Conference Computer at the beginning of each Session)

Duration of each Presentation (Tentatively):

Regular Oral Presentation: about 15 Minutes of Presentation and 5 Minutes of Question and Answer

Keynote Speech: 45 Minutes of Presentation and 15 Minutes of Question and Answer

Instructions for Poster Presentation

Materials Provided by the Conference Organizer:

The wall to put poster

Materials Provided by the Presenters:

Home-made Posters

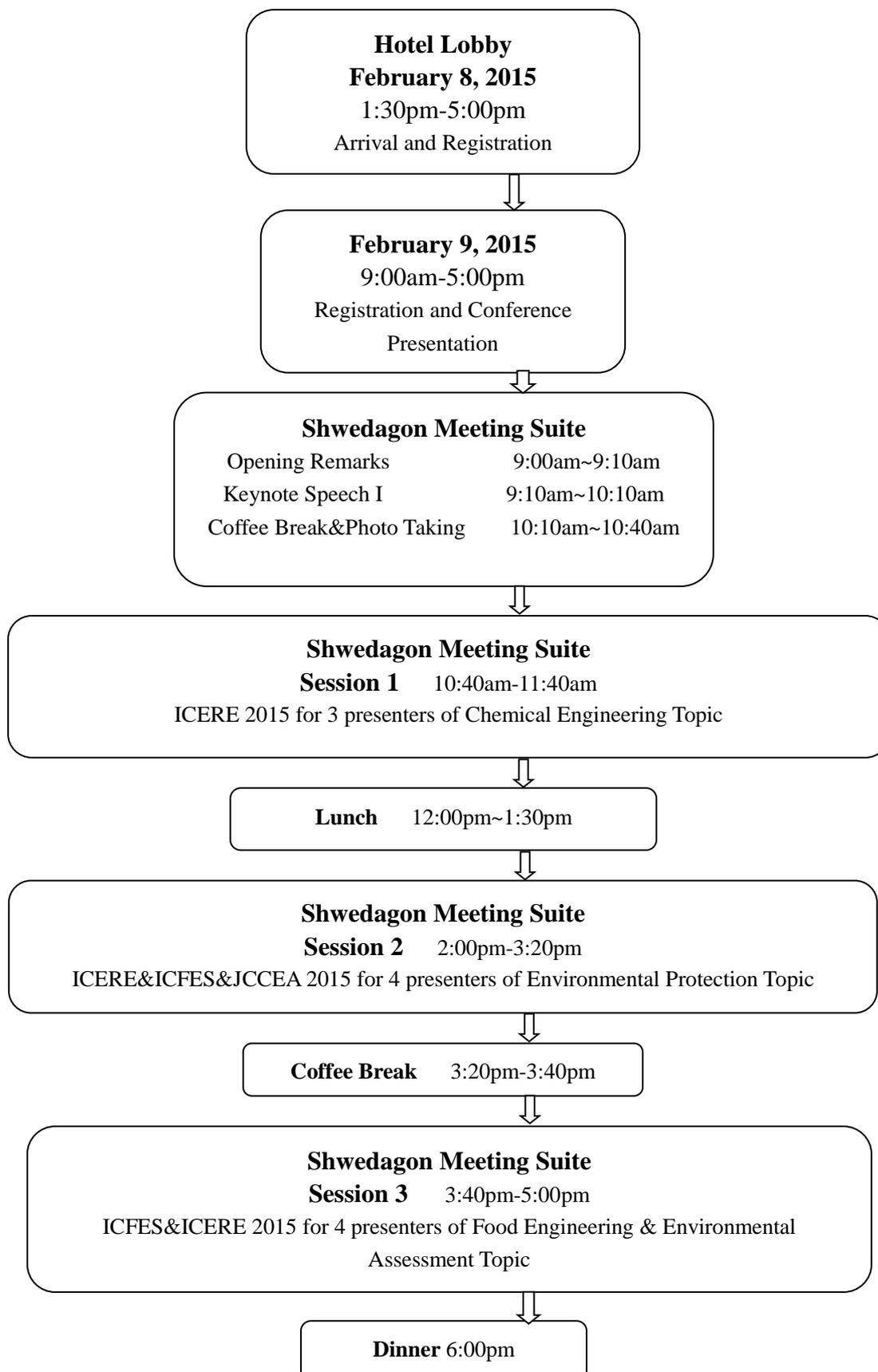
Maximum poster size is A1

Load Capacity: Holds up to 0.5 kg

Dress code

Please wear formal clothes or national representative of clothing.

Brief Schedule for Conferences



Detailed Schedule for Conferences

February 8, 2015 (Sunday)

Venue: Hotel Lobby

1:30pm-5:00pm	Arrival and Registration
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Note: (1) You can also register at any time during the conference.

(2) The organizer doesn't provide accommodation, and we suggest you make an early reservation.

(3) One excellent paper will be selected from each oral presentation sessions, and the certificate for excellent papers will be awarded at the end of each session on February 9, 2015.

Morning, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

9:00am-9:10am	Opening Remarks Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça University of Minho, Portugal
9:10am-10:10am	Keynote Speech I Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça University of Minho, Portugal Speech Title: "Contemporary Strategies for Sustainable Architecture"
10:10am-10:40am	Coffee Break&Photo Taking

Keynote Speaker Introduction



Paulo Mendonça was born in Porto in 10th June. PhD in Civil Engineering by the University of Minho, with the thesis: "Living under a second skin", acclaimed by unanimity (2005). As a PhD fellowship of FCT (Portuguese Foundation for Science and Technology) he got the "Advanced Studies Diploma" in Barcelona on the Technical Superior School of Architecture (ETSAB). He is Associate Professor in the Architecture School of the University of Minho, Portugal (EAUM). President of EAUM (2011-2012) and Vice-President (2010-2011).

Architectural Graduate and Integrated Master Studies Director (2005-2009). He is an author of more than one hundred publications. The main research subjects includes lightweight and mixed weight buildings, low cost housing, local and global economic asymmetries, low-tech strategies, energy costs and sustainable development, new materials and technologies, recycling and reusing potentialities.

Morning, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–1 (ICERE 2015) for 3 presentations

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 10:40am-11:40am

E0006 10:40am-11:00am

Influence of CO₂ gas in the Electro-Carburisation Process of Mild Steel

Nancy Julius Siambun, George Zheng Chen, and Daniel A. Jewell

Umm AlQura University

Abstract—In the attempt to develop a clean process, study has been conducted to determine the effect of absorbed CO₂ gas as source of carbon to the case hardening of treated mild steels in the recently developed process of electro-carburisation in non-toxic molten carbonate salts. The concentration of CO₂ in the process was varied by purging a CO₂ and N₂ mixture at flow rate ratios of CO₂:N₂ of 200:0, 150:50, 100:100, 50:150 and 0:200 mL.min⁻¹. Electro-carburisation was performed in two types of molten salt electrolyte i.e. a mixed anion Na₂CO₃-NaCl (mole ratio 4:1) and a pure carbonate Li₂CO₃-K₂CO₃ (1:1 mole ratio). A voltage of 2.5V was applied between mild steel cathode and an inert SnO₂ anode at a carburisation temperature of 800°C for 60 minutes. The results show that greater CO₂ concentration produced samples with greater surface hardness and thicker case-hardening, attributed to the increased availability of the electro-active carbon source which was generated by absorption of CO₂. Electro-carburisation in Li₂CO₃-K₂CO₃ and Na₂CO₃-NaCl gave surface hardness of 1075 ± 25 HV, however Li₂CO₃-K₂CO₃ (540μ thickness) gave thicker case depth compared to Na₂CO₃-NaCl (500μ thickness). This is thought to be due to the amount of carbon deposited in each salt; 12.70 wt.% C in Li₂CO₃-K₂CO₃ and 11.10 wt.% C in Na₂CO₃-NaCl.

Morning, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–1 (ICERE 2015) for 3 presentations

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 10:40am-11:40am

E0007 11:00am-11:20am

Modification of Natural Common Clays as Low Cost Adsorbents for Arsenate Adsorption

Borano Te, Boonchai Wichitsathian, and Chatpet Yossapol

Suranaree University of Technology

Abstract—In this study, natural common clays were used as raw materials to be modified with ferric and ferrous solutions to develop improved efficient and low cost adsorbents. The adsorbents (Raw Clay, Clay/FeSO₄, and Clay/FeCl₃) were investigated for arsenate removal from synthetic aqueous solution in batch studies with respect to contact time, solution pH, initial As(V) concentration, and temperature. The results showed that As(V) uptake was pH dependent and the high efficiency occurred in the acidic condition. The adsorption kinetic data were fitted well with the pseudo second order adsorption model. The estimated maximum adsorption capacity from Langmuir model was 0.44, 1.50, and 0.86 mg/g for Raw Clay, Clay/FeSO₄, and Clay/FeCl₃, respectively. The values of a dimensionless constant separation factor (R_L) and the magnitude of the adsorption intensity ($1/n$) showed that As(V) was adsorbed favorably on all adsorbents. The thermodynamic parameters indicated that the adsorption is spontaneous and endothermic and an irregular increase of the randomness at the adsorbent-adsorbate interface during the adsorption.

Morning, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–1 (ICERE 2015) for 3 presentations

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 10:40am-11:40am

E0008 11:20am-11:40am

Adsorption of Eriochrome Black T on MnO₂-Coated Zeolite

Diosa Marie Aguila and Mayzonee Ligaray

Batangas State University

Abstract—The removal of Eriochrome Black T from wastewater model by manganese oxide-coated zeolite was studied. Batch experiments were performed at different contact time. Experimental data were analysed using pseudo-first order, pseudo-second order and intra-particle diffusion models, and it was found out that the rate of adsorption follows the pseudo-first order model. Equilibrium was attained at 12 h at 79.2428% removal, and data generated from this were used to analyse the system's isotherms. Langmuir, Freundlich and Dubinin-Radushkevich isotherm models were used. The Freundlich model gave the best fit for the EBT adsorption.

12:00pm-1:30pm	Lunch
Hotel Restaurant	

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–2 (ICERE&ICFES&JCCEA 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Prof. C. T. Aravindakumar

Time: 2:00pm-3:20pm

E0005 2:00pm-2:20pm

Environmental Impact Reduction from Using Local Natural Construction Materials: Case Study in the North of Portugal

Paulo Mendonca and Bruno Martins

University of Minho

Abstract—The environmental concerns of the building industry in Portugal have been essentially related with the reduction of economic costs by the energetic optimization of materials production and construction processes. This strategy is focused on using prefabricated industrial materials and maximizing the use of mechanized construction methods. However, with the economic crisis, rising energy costs, rising unemployment and lack of skilled professionals due to emigration, decreased demography and ageing of population, the construction sector faces new challenges. The interest on the refurbishment of existing buildings, as well as on recovering traditional techniques is growing, namely by the use of local less transformed materials in buildings. This paper aims to characterize the availability of inorganic natural materials, such as weathering granitoids for adobe and rammed earth solutions and granite stone in the north of Portugal. The objective is to demonstrate that the use of local natural materials in alternative to conventional industrialized materials can present significant economic and environmental potential related with environmental and economic aspects, using a case study research in the north of Portugal. Considering a reference dwelling with a conventional exterior wall solution in hollow brick, it was evaluated the potential environmental savings of changing the brick of the exterior wall solutions by adobe and granite.

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION-2 (ICERE&ICFES&JCCEA 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 2:00pm-3:20pm

E1003 2:20pm-2:40pm

New Geochemical Barrier to Detoxify of Soil from Arsenic and Mercury

Anar Kolushpayeva and Amankul Akbassova

Almaty Management University

Abstract—This article researches the problem of the violation of ecological balance in the ecosystem that is noticed in the last century and caused by the wastes of a huge amount of pollutants from anthropogenic sources. This problem causes much worries of the entire humankind. The given article reveals a problem of weeding soil from heavy metals, in particular from arsenic and mercury. The results of the researches to detect chemical surface of sorbents and their colloid-chemical and absorption-structural, ionic exchange and complex building properties serve to explain the migration of substances and also for rational selection of natural sorbents at the time of their using in different nature protecting technologies. Authors got a new geochemical barrier, consisting of a mixture of the utilized bird's dung, a marble crumb and a peroxide of calcium with the high absorbent activity. The research results allow to eliminate undesirable influence of heavy metals on plants and to get ecological clear products.

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–2 (ICERE&ICFES&JCCEA 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 2:00pm-3:20pm

F0009 2:40pm-3:00pm

The Analysis of Environmental Degradation and Carica Agroforestry System as an Attempt of Environmental Restoration in Dieng Plateau

Aditya Pradana, Futuha Helen Sara, and Windarti Wahdaningrum

Gadjah Mada University

Abstract—The land of Dieng Plateau managed by the farmers in not sustainable way and now it's faced environmental problems, mainly erosion. This research aim to analyse the impact of potato farm that caused environmental degradation and the implementation of Carica agroforestry in Dieng Plateau to reduce degradation. The method of this research is analyzing qualitative and quantitative data from observation, interview, and literatures study. The result of this research proven that the rate of erosion can be reduced by the using of agroforestry, the erosion rate decrease from 463.86 tonnes/hectares/year to be 115.96 tonnes / hectares / year (estimation data by using USLE formula). The using of agroforestry had improved the people's welfare. Agroforestry brings more benefit than potatoes monoculture system. This project is very sustainable and will not make any compromising for the Dieng's future generation.

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–2 (ICERE&ICFES&JCCEA 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 2:00pm-3:20pm

CA029 3:00pm-3:20pm

Low Carbon Footprint TiO₂ Substitutes in Paint: A Review

Matthew Ruzala, N. A. Rowson, L. M. Grover, and R. A. Choudhery

Abstract—Titanium dioxide (TiO₂) is one of the most efficient, light scattering pigments known to man, and as a result it is widely used to deliver opacity, especially in paint formulations. However, the cost of TiO₂ is rising due to high demand, and dwindling resources. Moreover, the TiO₂ manufacturing process is energy intensive and produces undesirable by-products. Due to these shortcomings, substitutes are required to maintain a source of white pigment in the future and to comply with sustainability legislation. Many substitutes exist, including kaolin (raw and calcined), and hollow latex spheres. These, along with other alternatives, are analyzed.

3:20pm-3:40pm	Coffee Break
Shwedagon Meeting Suite	



Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION-3 (ICFES&ICERE 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 3:40pm-5:00pm

F0003 3:40pm-4:00pm

Current Approaches in Diagnosing and Managing Food Allergy among Queensland Public Health Settings

Michael Sheridan

James Cook University (JCU)

Abstract—In recent years, food allergy has emerged as an increasing Public Health problem, particularly among children.(1,2) Australia has the highest rates of childhood food allergy in the world, estimates as high as 10%.(3,4,5). From the few performed Australian food allergy prevalence studies, it is recognized that food allergy morbidity and mortality is rising, particularly in 0-4 year old children presenting food allergy anaphylaxis.(6) Recent Australian hospitalization time trends also reveal an increase in food allergy admission.(6) However, food allergy database reliability has recently been called into question by a USA study that reviewed Hospital Emergency Department patient charts alongside ICD-9-CM patient coding for food allergy and insect sting allergy. The startling results revealed that almost 50% of food allergy patients had been inappropriately coded.(7). Nevertheless, little is known of food allergy prevalence rates and reporting in north QLD, nor health professional perceptions, attitudes, and knowledge toward food allergy patients' diagnostics and treatment. The proposed research project will assess this lack of data via tailored questionnaires, including Data Coder accuracy and consistency scenarios for coding food allergy patients via ICD-10-AM; and analysis of north QLD Hospital & Health Services (HHS's) food allergy mortality and morbidity data and time trends for north QLD contribution toward the north QLD portion of an Australian Anaphylaxis Register. The culmination of this research is to develop web-based applications that assist health professionals with food allergy diagnosis and treatment, and enhance community awareness via on-line tools.

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION-3 (ICFES&ICERE 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 3:40pm-5:00pm

F0007 4:00pm-4:20pm

A Framework for a More Efficient Approach to Food Waste Management

Guillermo Garcia-Garcia, Elliot Woolley and Shahin Rahimifard

Loughborough University

Abstract—A considerable amount of waste is generated in the food supply chains of both developing and developed countries. In an increasingly resource constrained world, it is imperative to reduce the high environmental, social and economic impacts associated with this type of waste. This necessitates the development and implementation of improved, targeted management practices. This paper discusses the various definitions and categorisations of food waste according to different international organisations, reviews the most up-to-date data on waste generated in the food supply chains as well as its environmental impact and assess the applicability of current waste management options. This analysis provides the basis for the development of a framework for increasing the effectiveness of food waste management practices through structured assessment and better informed selection of waste management methodologies for each food waste category. The usability of this novel framework is discussed.

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION-3 (ICFES&ICERE 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 3:40pm-5:00pm

E0002 4:20pm-4:40pm

Particle Size Distribution of Aromatic Incense Burning Products

Der-Jen Hsu, Hsin-Yi Lin, and Jia-Shan Su

National Kaohsiung First University of Science and Technology

Abstract—Aromatic incense burning in indoor settings has been popular, yet the potential hazards resulting from incense burning has usually been ignored by most people. To date, knowledge about aromatic incense burning and the potential health hazards are still limited. Whether the size distribution of particulate form of combustion products is determined by the type of aromatic incense burning is not clear. Accordingly, the present study is aiming to explore the size distribution of the products from aromatic incense burning. In this study, three kinds of aromatic incense (lavender, rose, aglaia) were combusted in a homemade chamber, the Marple cascade impactor was used to collect different size ranges of particles and other combustion-related pollutants. The results of the study indicated that most of the particles emitted were smaller than $PM_{2.5}$, regardless the type of aromatic incense. The major sizes fell within the range between $1.55\mu m$ and $0.93\mu m$ and lavender incense was found to have the greatest emission factor in this size range. This study concludes that the combustion products of these three types of aromatic incense are mainly $PM_{2.5}$ and may pose adverse health effect when inhaled. Therefore, adequate ventilation is strongly suggested when aromatic incense is burning and moderate usage is advised.

Afternoon, February 9, 2015 (Monday)

SESSION–3 (ICFES&ICERE 2015) for 4 presenters

Venue: Shwedagon Meeting Suite

Session Chair: Associate Prof. Paulo Mendonça

Time: 3:40pm-5:00pm

E0014 4:40pm-5:00pm

A Study of Concentration Level of Heavy Metals in Soil at Vegetables Areas in Kota Bharu, Kelantan, Malaysia

Haliza Abdul Rahman and Farah Adhila Zaim

Universiti Putra Malaysia

Abstract—The study was focused on heavy metals which are copper (Cu), zinc (Zn) and lead (Pb) that are known as the most toxic and poisonous to human health. The objectives of this research was to determine, analysis and compare the heavy metal concentration level in two study areas at Kg. Kubang Edang, Peringat and Kg. Tok Kambing, Sering, both are in Kota Bharu, Kelantan, Malaysia. The result obtained in the soil samples of Kg. Kubang Edang shows that Pb concentration has highest concentration of heavy metals with 7.396 mg/L followed by Zn, 7.077 mg/L and Cu has the lowest concentration with 3.705 mg/L. On the other hand, the result obtained in the soil samples of Kg. Tok Kambing shows that Pb has the highest concentration with 11.304 mg/L followed by Zn with concentration level of 10.667 mg/l and Cu has the lowest concentration with 4.576 mg/L. The result shows heavy metals concentration level in Kg. Tok Kambing was higher as compared to Kg. Kubang Edang. Analyzing the data using parametric T-test shows that, there were significant differences of heavy metals concentration level in two study areas with p – value < 0.05.

6:00pm	Dinner
Hotel Restaurant	

Conferences ending, thanks!

Conference Venue

HOTEL GRAND UNITED (AHLONE)

http://www.hotelgrandunited.com/about_hgu_al.php

Tel: (+95-1)-218061~64, 0973048864

E-mail: grandunited.ahlonge@gmail.com

Address: No. 35, Min Ye KyawSwar Road (Corner of Hnin Si Gone Road, Front of Central Women Hospital), Ahlone Township, Yangon, Myanmar



Just 20 minutes away from Yangon International Airport, 8 minutes away from Shwedagon Pagoda and 6 minutes away from Bogyoke Market, Hotel Grand United (Ahlone Branch) places itself at the greatest possible location, for you to absorb Burmese culture and tradition to the finest degree. Surrounded by a serene and beautiful neighborhood, you enjoy a 360° panoramic view of Yangon including Shwedagon Pagoda, downtown Yangon and Yangon River.

APCBEES Forthcoming Conferences

<http://www.cbees.org/events/>

CONFERENCE INFORMATION		PUBLICATION
April 24-25, 2015, Istanbul, Turkey		
ICESE 2015	2015 5th International Conference on Environment Science and Engineering http://www.icese.org/	Volume of Journal (IPCBEE, ISSN: 2010-4618)
ICLST 2015	2015 5th International Conference on Life Science and Technology http://www.iclst.org/	Journal of Life Sciences and Technologies (JOLST, ISSN: 2301-3672)
ICBFS 2015	2015 5th International Conference on Biotechnology and Food Science http://www.icbfs.org/	International Journal of Food Engineering (IJFE , ISSN: 2301-3664); Journal of Medical and Bioengineering (JOMB, ISSN: 2301-3796)
May 12-13, 2015, Warsaw, Poland		
ICCMP 2015	2015 International Conference on Chemical Materials and Process http://www.iccmp.org/	Advanced Materials Research (ISSN: 1022-6680)
ICBPE 2015	2015 2nd International Conference on Biomedical and Pharmaceutical Engineering http://www.icbpe.org/	The Journal of Medical and Bioengineering(JOMB, ISSN: 2301-3796)
ICFAE 2015	2015 International Conference on Food and Agricultural Engineering http://www.icfae.org/	The Journal of Advanced Agricultural Technologies (JOAAT, ISSN:2301-3737)
May 23-24, 2015, Singapore		
ICEST 2015	2015 6th International Conference on Environmental Science and Technology http://www.icest.org/	International Journal of Applied Environmental Sciences (ISSN: 0973-6077)
ICBBT 2015	2015 7th International Conference on Bioinformatics and Biomedical Technology http://www.icbbt.org/	Information and Communication Technologies (ISSN: 1743-3517)
ICPIE 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Petroleum Industry and Energy http://www.icpie.org/	the Journal of Industrial and Intelligent Information (JIIL, ISSN: 2301-3745)
June 15-16, 2015, Madrid, Spain		

2015 APCBEES RANGOON CONFERENCES

ICCPE 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Chemical and Process Engineering (ICCPE 2015) http://www.iccpe.org/	International Journal of Chemical Engineering and Applications (IJCEA, ISSN:2010-0221)
ICEEB 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Environment, Energy and Biotechnology (ICEEB 2015) http://www.iceeb.org/	Volume of Journal (IPCBEE, ISSN: 2010-4618)
ICAAA 2015	2015 5th International Conference on Asia Agriculture and Animal (ICAAA 2015) http://www.icaaa.org/	Journal of Advanced Agricultural Technologies (JOAAT ISSN: 2301-3737)
June 25-26, 2015, Bangkok, Thailand		
ICBBS 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Bioinformatics and Biomedical Science http://www.icbbs.org/	International Journal of Bioscience, Biochemistry and Bioinformatics (IJBBB, ISSN: 2010-3638); Journal of Medical and Bioengineering (JOMB, ISSN: 2301-3796)
ICWT 2015	2015 International Conference on Water Technology http://www.icwt.org/	Journal of Environmental Science and Development (IJESD, ISSN:2010-0264)
ICNFS 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Nutrition and Food Sciences http://www.icnfs.org/	the Volume of Journal (IPCBEE, ISSN: 2010-4618)
July 09-10, 2015, Chengdu, China		
ICEEA 2015	2015 6th International Conference on Environmental Engineering and Applications http://www.iceea.org/	Journal of Clean Energy Technologies (JO CET, ISSN: 1793-821X)
ICBFE 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Biotechnology and Food Engineering http://www.icbfe.org/	WIT Transactions on Biomedicine and Health (ISSN: 1743-3525) or International Journal of Bioscience, Biochemistry and Bioinformatics (IJBBB, ISSN: 2010-3638)
ICEBB 2015	2015 5th International Conference on Environmental, Biomedical and Biotechnology http://www.icebb.org/	International Journal of Bioscience, Biochemistry and Bioinformatics (IJBBB, ISSN: 2010-3638) or Journal of Medical and Bioengineering (JOMB, ISSN: 2301-3796),
July 29-30, 2015, Jeju Island, Republic of Korea		
ICFNT 2015	2015 2nd International Conference on Food and Nutrition Technology http://www.icfnt.org/	Volume of International Proceedings of Chemical, Biological and Environmental Engineering Journal (IPCBEE, ISSN: 2010-4618)

2015 APCBEES RANGOON CONFERENCES

ICAER 2015	2015 International Conference on Advances in Environment Research http://www.icaer.org/	WIT Transactions on the Built Environment (ISSN: 1743-3509)
ICABC 2015	2015 2nd International Conference on Advances in Biology and Chemistry http://www.icabc.org/	International Journal of Bioscience, Biochemistry and Bioinformatics (IJBBB, ISSN: 2010-3638) or International Journal of Chemical Engineering and Applications (IJCEA, ISSN:2010-0221)
Aug. 05-06, 2015, Paris, France		
ICGES 2015	2015 4th International Conference on Geological and Environmental Sciences http://www.icges.org/	International Journal of Geological Engineering (IJGE)
ICEAE 2015	2015 5th International Conference on Environmental and Agriculture Engineering http://www.iceae.org/	Journal of Advanced Agricultural Technologies (JOAAT ISSN: 2301-3737) or International Journal of Environmental Science and Development (IJESD ISSN: 2010-0264)
ICCCE 2015	2015 6th International Conference on Chemistry and Chemical Engineering http://www.iccce.org/	International Journal of Chemical Engineering and Applications (IJCEA, ISSN: 2010-0221)
Aug. 27-28, 2015, Hong Kong		
ICSEE 2015	2015 2nd International Conference on Substantial Environmental Engineering http://www.icsee.org/	Volume of International Proceedings of Chemical, Biological and Environmental Engineering Journal (IPCBEE, ISSN: 2010-4618)
ICBBE 2015	2015 2nd International Conference on Biomedical and Bioinformatics Engineering http://www.icbbe.com/	Journal of Medical and Bioengineering (JOMB, ISSN: 2301-3796)
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